

§ 1.5 等比数列

問題 1.5.1 数列 $\{a_n\}_{n \geq 0}$ は公比 $\frac{1}{3}$ の等比数列なので、

$$a_n = a_2 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n-2} = 45 \frac{1}{3^{n-2}} = \frac{5 \cdot 3^2}{3^{n-2}} = \frac{5}{3^{n-4}}.$$

問題 1.5.2 等比数列 $\{a_n\}_{n \geq 0}$ の公比を r とおく. $a_{12} = a_3 r^{12-3} = a_3 r^9$ なので、
 $r^9 = \frac{a_{12}}{a_3} = \frac{500}{4} = 125$, $r > 0$ なので $r = 125^{\frac{1}{9}} = (5^3)^{\frac{1}{9}} = 5^{\frac{1}{3}}$. 従って、

$$a_n = a_3 r^{n-3} = 4 \cdot \left(5^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^{n-3} = 4 \cdot 5^{\frac{n}{3}-1}.$$

問題 1.5.3 $S = \sum_{k=3}^n (8 \cdot 5^k)$ とおく.

$$\begin{aligned} S &= 8 \cdot 5^3 + 8 \cdot 5^4 + 8 \cdot 5^5 + 8 \cdot 5^6 + \cdots + 8 \cdot 5^{n-1} + 8 \cdot 5^n \\ 5S &= 8 \cdot 5^4 + 8 \cdot 5^5 + 8 \cdot 5^6 + 8 \cdot 5^7 + \cdots + 8 \cdot 5^n + 8 \cdot 5^{n+1} \end{aligned}$$

$5S$ から S を引くと $4S = 8 \cdot 5^{n+1} - 8 \cdot 5^3$, $S = 2 \cdot 5^{n+1} - 2 \cdot 5^3 = 2 \cdot 5^{n+1} - 250$. よって
 $\sum_{k=3}^n (8 \cdot 5^k) = 2 \cdot 5^{n+1} - 250$.

問題 1.5.4 $S = \sum_{k=1}^n \left\{4 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^k\right\}$ とおく.

$$\begin{aligned} S &= 4 \cdot \frac{3}{5} + 4 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3 + 4 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^4 + \cdots + 4 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n-1} + 4 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^n, \\ \frac{5}{3}S &= 4 + 4 \cdot \frac{3}{5} + 4 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3 + \cdots + 4 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n-2} + 4 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n-1}, \end{aligned}$$

$\frac{5}{3}S$ から S を引くと $\frac{2}{3}S = 4 - 4 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^n$ なので、 $S = 6 - 6 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^n$, つまり $\sum_{k=1}^n \left\{4 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^k\right\} = 6 - 6 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^n$.

問題 1.5.5

$$\sum_{k=1}^n \left\{6 \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^k\right\} = \frac{10 \left\{\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^n - 1\right\}}{\frac{5}{3} - 1} = 15 \left\{\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^n - 1\right\}.$$

問題 1.5.6

$$4 + 12 + 36 + 108 + 324 + \cdots + 4 \cdot 3^n = \sum_{k=1}^{n+1} (4 \cdot 3^{k-1}) = \frac{4(3^{n+1} - 1)}{3 - 1} = 2(3^{n+1} - 1).$$