

§6.3 定義に基づく定積分の計算

問題 6.3.1

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int_1^4 x^2 dx &= (4-1) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \left(1 + \frac{4-1}{n} k \right)^2 \right\} = 3 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \left(\frac{n+3k}{n} \right)^2 \right\} \\
 &= 3 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \frac{1}{n} \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{k=1}^n (n^2 + 6nk + 9k^2) \right\} = 3 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \frac{1}{n^3} \left(\sum_{k=1}^n n^2 + 6n \sum_{k=1}^n k + 9 \sum_{k=1}^n k^2 \right) \right\} \\
 &= 3 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{1}{n^3} \left\{ n^2 n + 6n \frac{n}{2} (n+1) + 9 \frac{n}{6} (n+1)(2n+1) \right\} \right] \\
 &= 3 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{1}{n^3} \left\{ n^3 + 3n^2(n+1) + \frac{3n}{2} (n+1)(2n+1) \right\} \right] \\
 &= 3 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ 1 + 3 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left(2 + \frac{3}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2} \right) \right\} = 3 \left\{ 1 + 3(1+0) + \frac{3}{2}(2+0+0) \right\} \\
 &= 21 .
 \end{aligned}$$

問題 6.3.2

自然数 $k = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n$ について,

$$x_k - x_{k-1} = \xi_k = 2 + \frac{2}{n}k - \left\{ 2 + \frac{2}{n}(k-1) \right\} = \frac{2}{n} .$$

指数関数 3^x のリーマン和は,

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_n &= \sum_{k=1}^n \left(3^{\xi_k} \frac{5}{n} \right) = \frac{2}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n 3^{2 + \frac{2}{n}(k-1)} = \frac{2}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \left\{ 3^2 3^{\frac{2}{n}(k-1)} \right\} = \frac{18}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n 3^{\frac{2}{n}(k-1)} \\
 &= \frac{18}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \left(3^{\frac{2}{n}} \right)^{k-1} = \frac{18}{n} \frac{\left(3^{\frac{2}{n}} \right)^n - 1}{3^{\frac{2}{n}} - 1} = \frac{18}{n} \frac{3^2 - 1}{3^{\frac{2}{n}} - 1} = \frac{18}{n} \frac{8}{3^{\frac{2}{n}} - 1} \\
 &= \frac{144}{n} \frac{1}{3^{\frac{2}{n}} - 1} .
 \end{aligned}$$

ここで変数 x を $x = 3^{\frac{2}{n}} - 1$ とおく. $3^{\frac{2}{n}} = 1 + x$, $\frac{2}{n} = \log_3(1+x)$, $\frac{144}{n} = 72 \log_3(1+x)$.

$$S_n = 72 \log_3(1+x) \cdot \frac{1}{x} = 72 \cdot \frac{1}{x} \log_3(1+x) = 72 \log_3(1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} .$$

$n \rightarrow \infty$ のとき $x = 3^{\frac{2}{n}} - 1 \rightarrow 3^0 - 1 = 0$ なので,

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S_n = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left\{ 72 \log_3(1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} \right\} = 72 \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \log_3(1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} ,$$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = e$ なので,

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \log_3(1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = \log_3 \left\{ \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} \right\} = \log_3 e .$$

従って,

$$\int_2^4 3^x dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S_n = 72 \log_3 e = \frac{72}{\ln 3} .$$